Know the Difference

Have you ever wandered what a kiloWatt or a kiloWatt-hour is? Quite simply a **kilo-Watt (kW)**: Is 1000 watts

which is equivalent to 3.6 megajoules and a kiloWatt-hour (kWh): Is one kilowatt (1 kW or 1000 watts) used in an hour. To paraphrase one is a unit to help measure the capacity of a battery and the other is to measure the rate of power used in an hour. The value of knowing this can help you determine how quickly you can charge your car as well as guaging your battery Life. For Electric Vehicle (EV) owners it is important to know the difference because it will tell you how big your battery is, how quickly you can charge your EV and how far you can drive on a single charge.

Attended a unit of power, equivalent to one joule per second, corresponding to the power in an electric circuit in which the potential difference is one volt and the current one ampere.

kilo-Watt (kW): equivalent to 1000 watts.

kiloWatt-hour (kWh): Is one kilowatt (1 kW or 1000 watts)

used in an hour which is equivalent to 3.6 megajoules.



Disclaimer: Use of ev-institue.com is at your own risk; EVI assumes no liability or responsibility for use of our site or for it's content.

Equations for Calculating kiloWatt-hours

P(kiloWatt-hours) = [Power Factor × I(Amps) × V(Volts) / 1000] × T(hours) $P = I^2 \times R$ (Ohms) $\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{E}^2 / \mathbf{R}$

Pressure in Pipe: 120 Volts

Voltage: The electric energy charge difference of electric potential energy transported between two points (point "A" and point "B") on a circuit. If you look at the example to the right, notice there isn't any water flow, thats because voltage is all about pressure or potential energy. This is why pressure in a water pipe can be considered analogous to voltage.



Application: Charging a Battery

If we use the 7.2 kWh rate it would take 12.5 hours to fill charge a 90 kWh battery



ev-institute.com